

南京工程学院



第一章 Fourier 变换

转换 {

- 1* 对数变换(代数运算)
- 2* 坐标变换(解析几何)
- 3* 保角变换(复变函数)
- 4* 积分变换 {
$$F(\alpha) = \int_a^b f(t) K(t, \alpha) dt \quad (\text{函数类A: } f(t) \rightarrow \text{函数类B: } F(\alpha))$$
$$K(t, \alpha): \text{积分变换的核, 二元函数}$$
$$F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt \quad (K(t, \alpha) = e^{-j\omega t})$$
$$F(s) = \int_0^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-st} dt \quad (K(t, \alpha) = e^{-st})$$

}

三角
形式

复
指
数
形式

$$f_T(t) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos n\omega t + b_n \sin n\omega t) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1. \omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} \\ 2. a_0 = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f_T(t) dt \\ 3. a_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f_T(t) \cos n\omega t dt (n=1, 2, 3, \dots) \\ 4. b_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f_T(t) \sin n\omega t dt (n=1, 2, 3, \dots) \end{array} \right.$$

$$1. Euler'公式: e^{j\theta} = \cos \theta + j \sin \theta \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \cos \theta = \frac{e^{j\theta} + e^{-j\theta}}{2} \\ \sin \theta = -j \frac{e^{j\theta} - e^{-j\theta}}{2} \end{array} \right.$$

$$2. \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f_T(t) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos n\omega t + b_n \sin n\omega t) \\ = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[a_n \frac{e^{jn\omega t} + e^{-jn\omega t}}{2} + b_n \frac{e^{jn\omega t} - e^{-jn\omega t}}{2j} \right] \\ = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[\frac{a_n - jb_n}{2} e^{jn\omega t} + \frac{a_n + jb_n}{2} e^{-jn\omega t} \right] \end{array} \right.$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1. c_0 = \frac{a_0}{2} = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f_T(t) dt, \omega_n = n\omega (n=0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots) \\ 2. c_n = \frac{a_n - jb_n}{2} = \frac{1}{T} \left[\int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f_T(t) \cos n\omega t dt - j \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f_T(t) \sin n\omega t dt \right] \\ = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f_T(t) [\cos n\omega t - j \sin n\omega t] dt \\ = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f_T(t) e^{-jn\omega t} dt (n=1, 2, 3, \dots) \\ 3. c_{-n} = \frac{a_n + jb_n}{2} = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f_T(t) e^{jn\omega t} dt (n=1, 2, 3, \dots) \\ \Rightarrow c_n = \frac{1}{T} \int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f_T(t) e^{-jn\omega t} dt (n=0, \pm 1, \pm 2, \dots) \\ 4. f_T(t) = c_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} [c_n e^{jn\omega t} + c_{-n} e^{-jn\omega t}] = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} c_n e^{jn\omega t} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
1. \lim_{T \rightarrow +\infty} f_T(t) &= f(t) = \lim_{T \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{1}{T} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[\int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f_T(\tau) e^{-j\omega_n \tau} d\tau \right] e^{j\omega_n t} \\
&= \lim_{\Delta\omega_n \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[\int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f_T(\tau) e^{-j\omega_n \tau} d\tau \right] e^{j\omega_n t} \Delta\omega_n \left(\Delta\omega_n = \omega_n - \omega_{n-1} = \frac{2\pi}{T} \right) \\
&= \lim_{\Delta\omega_n \rightarrow 0} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} \Phi_T(\omega_n) \Delta\omega_n \left(\Phi_T(\omega_n) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[\int_{-\frac{T}{2}}^{\frac{T}{2}} f_T(\tau) e^{-j\omega_n \tau} d\tau \right] e^{j\omega_n t} \right) \\
&= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \Phi(\omega_n) d\omega_n \left(\Phi(\omega_n) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) e^{-j\omega_n \tau} d\tau \right] e^{j\omega_n t} (\Delta\omega_n \rightarrow 0 \Leftrightarrow T \rightarrow +\infty, \Phi_T(\omega_n) \rightarrow \Phi(\omega_n)) \right) \\
&= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \Phi(\omega) d\omega \\
&= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) e^{-j\omega \tau} d\tau \right] e^{j\omega t} d\omega
\end{aligned}$$

Fourier积分公式: $f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) e^{-j\omega \tau} d\tau \right] e^{j\omega t} d\omega$

间断点t处: $\frac{f(t+0) + f(t-0)}{2}$

Fourier积分定理

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l}
\text{条件} \left\{ \begin{array}{l}
1. f(t) \text{ 在任一有限区间上满足} \\
\text{Dirichlet条件} \left\{ \begin{array}{l}
\text{函数在} \left[-\frac{T}{2}, \frac{T}{2} \right] \text{ 上满足} \left\{ \begin{array}{l}
1. \text{连续或只有有限个第一类间断点} \\
2. \text{只有有限个极值点}
\end{array} \right. \\
2. f(t) \text{ 在} (-\infty, +\infty) \text{ 上绝对可积} \left(\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |f(t)| dt \text{ 收敛} \right)
\end{array} \right. \\
\text{表达式: } f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) e^{-j\omega \tau} d\tau \right] e^{j\omega t} d\omega \text{ (复数形式)} \\
\text{间断点t处: } \frac{f(t+0) + f(t-0)}{2}
\end{array} \right.
\end{array} \right.$$

三角
形式

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(t) &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) e^{-j\omega\tau} d\tau \right] e^{j\omega t} d\omega \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) e^{j\omega(t-\tau)} d\tau \right] d\omega \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) \cos \omega(t-\tau) d\tau + j \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) \sin \omega(t-\tau) d\tau \right] d\omega \\
 &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) \cos \omega(t-\tau) d\tau \right] d\omega \left(\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) \sin \omega(t-\tau) d\tau \right] d\omega = 0 \text{ (奇函数)} \right) \\
 f(t) &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) \cos \omega(t-\tau) d\tau \right] d\omega \text{ (偶函数)} \\
 f(t) &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) (\cos \omega t \cos \omega \tau + \sin \omega t \sin \omega \tau) d\tau \right] d\omega \\
 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{正弦积分: } f(t) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \left[\int_0^{+\infty} f(\tau) \sin \omega \tau d\tau \right] \sin \omega t d\omega \text{ (} f(t) = \text{奇函数)} \\ \text{余弦积分: } f(t) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \left[\int_0^{+\infty} f(\tau) \cos \omega \tau d\tau \right] \cos \omega t d\omega \text{ (} f(t) = \text{偶函数)} \end{cases} \\
 \text{奇展拓} \Rightarrow \text{正弦积分展开式; 偶展拓} \Rightarrow \text{余弦积分展开式}
 \end{aligned}$$

Fourier变换

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(t) &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) e^{-j\omega\tau} d\tau \right] e^{j\omega t} d\omega \text{ [积分变换, 逆变换]} \\
 \begin{cases} F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt \quad (\text{Fourier变换}) \quad (\text{象函数 } \omega) & F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] \\ f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega \text{ (逆/积分变换)} \quad (\text{象原函数 } t) & f(t) = \mathbb{F}^{-1}[F(\omega)] \end{cases} \text{ 奇偶性相同} \\
 \begin{cases} f(t) = \text{奇} \begin{cases} F_s(\omega) = \int_0^{+\infty} f(t) \sin \omega t dt \quad (\text{正弦变换}) & F_s(\omega) = \mathbb{F}_s[f(t)] \\ f(t) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} F_s(\omega) \sin \omega t d\omega \text{ (正弦逆变换)} & f(t) = \mathbb{F}_s^{-1}[F_s(\omega)] \end{cases} \\ f(t) = \text{偶} \begin{cases} F_c(\omega) = \int_0^{+\infty} f(t) \cos \omega t dt \quad (\text{余弦变换}) & F_c(\omega) = \mathbb{F}_c[f(t)] \\ f(t) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} F_c(\omega) \cos \omega t d\omega \text{ (余弦逆变换)} & f(t) = \mathbb{F}_c^{-1}[F_c(\omega)] \end{cases} \end{cases}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 1. & f(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 0 \\ e^{-\beta t}, & t \geq 0 \end{cases}, \quad \beta > 0 \\
 2. & \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Fourier变换} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] \\ = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt \\ = \int_0^{+\infty} e^{-\beta t} e^{-j\omega t} dt \\ = \int_0^{+\infty} e^{-(\beta+j\omega)t} dt \\ = \frac{1}{\beta+j\omega} \\ = \frac{\beta-j\omega}{\beta^2+\omega^2} \end{array} \right. \text{Fourier积分变换} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(t) = \mathbb{F}^{-1}[F(\omega)] \\ = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega \\ = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\beta-j\omega}{\beta^2+\omega^2} e^{j\omega t} d\omega \\ = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\beta \cos \omega t + \omega \sin \omega t}{\beta^2+\omega^2} d\omega \\ = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\beta \cos \omega t + \omega \sin \omega t}{\beta^2+\omega^2} d\omega \end{array} \right. \\ \\ \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\beta \cos \omega t + \omega \sin \omega t}{\beta^2+\omega^2} d\omega = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 0 \\ \frac{\pi}{2}, & t = 0 \\ \pi e^{-\beta t}, & t > 0 \end{cases} \end{array} \right.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(t) f(t) dt = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta_\varepsilon(t) f(t) dt \\
 & \delta_\varepsilon(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 0; \\ \frac{1}{\varepsilon}, & 0 \leq t \leq \varepsilon; \\ 1, & t \geq \varepsilon. \end{cases} \Rightarrow \delta_\varepsilon(t) \xrightarrow{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \delta(t); (\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \delta_\varepsilon(t) = \delta(t)) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta_\varepsilon(t) dt = \int_0^\varepsilon \frac{1}{\varepsilon} dt = 1 (\varepsilon > 0) \\ \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(t) dt = 1 \end{array} \right. \\
 & \text{筛选性质} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(t) f(t) dt = f(0) \Rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(t-t_0) f(t) dt = f(t_0) \\ \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(t) f(t) dt = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta_\varepsilon(t) f(t) dt \\ = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{1}{\varepsilon} f(t) dt = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \int_0^\varepsilon f(t) dt = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} f(\theta \varepsilon) (0 < \theta < 1) \end{array} \right. \\
 & \text{其它性质} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1. \delta\text{-函数是偶函数, 即 } \delta(t) = \delta(-t); \\ 2. \int_{-\infty}^t \delta(\tau) d\tau = u(t), \frac{d}{dt} u(t) = \delta(t), \text{ 其中 } u(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 0, \\ 1, & t > 0 \end{cases} \text{ 单位阶跃函数} \\ 3. \text{ 若 } f(t) \text{ 为无穷次可微函数, 则 } \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta'(t) f(t) dt = -f'(0) \\ \left(\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta^{(n)}(t) f(t) dt = (-1)^n f^{(n)}(0) \right) \end{array} \right. \\
 & \delta\text{-函数Fourier变换: } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[\delta(t)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt = e^{-j\omega t} \Big|_{t=0} = 1 \{ \delta(t) \Leftrightarrow 1 \\ F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[\delta(t-t_0)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(t-t_0) e^{-j\omega t} dt = e^{-j\omega t} \Big|_{t=t_0} = e^{-j\omega t_0} \{ \delta(t-t_0) \Leftrightarrow e^{-j\omega t_0} \end{array} \right.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$1. u(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 0 \\ 1, & t > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$2. \text{Fourier变换: } F(\omega) = \frac{1}{j\omega} + \pi\delta(\omega)$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} f(t) &= \mathbb{F}^{-1}[F(\omega)] \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[\frac{1}{j\omega} + \pi\delta(\omega) \right] e^{j\omega t} d\omega \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \pi\delta(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega + \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{e^{j\omega t}}{j\omega} d\omega \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega + \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega t}{\omega} d\omega \\ &= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega t}{\omega} d\omega = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{\pi} \left(-\frac{\pi}{2} \right) = 0, & t < 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} = 1, & t > 0 \end{cases} \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$3. \left. \begin{aligned} \text{Fourier 逆} \\ \text{(积分)} \\ \text{变换} \end{aligned} \right\} \text{Dirichlet积分 } \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega}{\omega} d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega t}{\omega} d\omega = \begin{cases} -\frac{\pi}{2}, & t < 0 \\ 0, & t = 0 \\ \frac{\pi}{2}, & t > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\text{当 } t < 0 \text{ 时, 令 } u = -t\omega \Rightarrow \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega t}{\omega} d\omega = \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin(-u)}{u} du = -\int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin u}{u} du = -\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$u(t) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega t}{\omega} d\omega (t \neq 0) \Rightarrow \begin{cases} F(\omega) = 2\pi\delta(\omega) \Leftrightarrow f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} 2\pi\delta(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega = 1 \\ 2\pi\delta(\omega - \omega_0) \Leftrightarrow e^{j\omega_0 t} \end{cases}$$

化三角为 $e^{-j\omega t}$ 求解 Fourier 变换

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \text{第 } n \text{ 次谐波} \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{cases} \text{三角形式: } a_n \cos \omega_n t + b_n \sin \omega_n t = A_n \sin(\omega_n t + \varphi_n) = \sqrt{a_n^2 + b_n^2} \sin(\omega_n t + \varphi_n) \\ \text{复数形式: } c_n e^{j\omega_n t} + c_{-n} e^{-j\omega_n t} \begin{cases} c_n = \frac{a_n - jb_n}{2}, \quad c_{-n} = \frac{a_n + jb_n}{2}; \\ |c_n| = |c_{-n}| = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{a_n^2 + b_n^2} (n = 0, 1, 2, \dots) \\ A_n = 2\sqrt{a_n^2 + b_n^2} \end{cases} \end{cases}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega, \text{ 其中 } F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

Fourier变换(原函数)性质

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left\{ \begin{aligned}
 & \text{1.线性性质} \begin{cases} \text{设 } F_1(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f_1(t)], \quad F_2(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f_2(t)], \\ \text{则 } \mathbb{F}[\alpha f_1(t) \pm \beta f_2(t)] = \alpha \mathbb{F}[f_1(t)] \pm \beta \mathbb{F}[f_2(t)] = \alpha F_1(\omega) \pm \beta F_2(\omega) \\ \mathbb{F}^{-1}[\alpha F_1(\omega) \pm \beta F_2(\omega)] = \alpha \mathbb{F}^{-1}[F_1(\omega)] \pm \beta \mathbb{F}^{-1}[F_2(\omega)] = \alpha f_1(t) \pm \beta f_2(t) \end{cases} \\
 & \text{2.位移性质} \begin{cases} \mathbb{F}[f(t \pm t_0)] = e^{\pm j\omega t_0} \mathbb{F}[f(t)] \\ \mathbb{F}^{-1}[F(\omega \mp \omega_0)] = f(t) e^{\pm jt\omega_0} \end{cases} \\
 & \text{3.微分性质} \begin{cases} \text{如果 } f(t) \text{ 在 } (-\infty, +\infty) \text{ 上连续或只有有限个可去间断点,} \\ \text{且当 } |t| \rightarrow +\infty \text{ 时, } f(t) \rightarrow 0, \text{ 则} \\ \mathbb{F}[f'(t)] = j\omega \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = j\omega F(\omega); \\ F'(\omega) = \frac{d}{d\omega} F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[-jtf(t)] \Rightarrow \mathbb{F}[tf(t)] = jF'(\omega) \end{cases} \\
 & \text{推理} \begin{cases} \text{如果 } f^{(k)}(t) \text{ 在 } (-\infty, +\infty) \text{ 上连续或只有有限个可去间断点,} \\ \text{且 } \lim_{|t| \rightarrow +\infty} f^{(k)}(t) = 0, k=0, 1, 2, \dots, n-1 \text{ 时, 则} \\ \mathbb{F}[f^{(n)}(t)] = (j\omega)^n \mathbb{F}[f(t)]; \\ (\text{象函数微分性质}) F^{(n)}(\omega) = \frac{d^n}{d\omega^n} F(\omega) = (-j)^n \mathbb{F}[t^n f(t)] \end{cases} \\
 & \text{4.积分性质} \begin{cases} \text{如果当 } t \rightarrow +\infty \text{ 时, } g(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t f(t) dt \rightarrow 0, \text{ 则} \\ \mathbb{F}\left[\int_{-\infty}^t f(t) dt\right] = \frac{1}{j\omega} \mathbb{F}[f(t)] \end{cases} \\
 & \text{5* 乘积定理} \\
 & \text{6* 能量积分}
 \end{aligned} \right.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l}
 \text{定义: } f_1(t) * f_2(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_1(\tau) f_2(t-\tau) d\tau \\
 \text{不等性: } |f_1(t) * f_2(t)| \leq |f_1(t)| * |f_2(t)| \\
 \text{交换律: } f_1(t) * f_2(t) = f_2(t) * f_1(t) \\
 \text{结合律: } f_1(t) * [f_2(t) * f_3(t)] = [f_1(t) * f_2(t)] * f_3(t) \\
 \text{分配律: } \begin{cases} f_1(t) * [f_2(t) + f_3(t)] = f_1(t) * f_2(t) + f_1(t) * f_3(t) \\ [f_1(t) + f_2(t)] * [g_1(t) + g_2(t)] \\ = f_1(t) * g_1(t) + f_1(t) * g_2(t) + f_2(t) * g_1(t) + f_2(t) * g_2(t) \end{cases} \\
 \frac{d}{dt}[f_1(t) * f_2(t)] = \frac{d}{dt} f_1(t) * f_2(t) = f_1(t) * \frac{d}{dt} f_2(t) = f_2(t) * \frac{d}{dt} f_1(t) \\
 \text{卷积} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(t) * \delta(t) = f(t) \\ f(t) * \delta(t-t_0) = f(t-t_0) \\ f(t) * \delta'(t) = f'(t) \end{array} \right. \\
 f(t) * u(t) = \int_{-\infty}^t f(\tau) d\tau \\
 \text{卷积定理: } \begin{cases} \text{假定 } f_1(t), f_2(t) \text{ 都满足 } Fourier \text{ 积分定理中的条件,} \\ \text{且 } F_1(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f_1(t)], F_2(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f_2(t)] \text{ 则} \\ \mathbb{F}[f_1(t) * f_2(t)] = F_1(\omega) \cdot F_2(\omega) \text{ 或 } \mathbb{F}^{-1}[F_1(\omega) \cdot F_2(\omega)] = f_1(t) * f_2(t) \\ \mathbb{F}[f_1(t) \cdot f_2(t)] = \frac{1}{2\pi} F_1(\omega) * F_2(\omega) \end{cases} \\
 \text{推广: } \begin{cases} \mathbb{F}[f_1(t) * f_2(t) * \dots * f_n(t)] = F_1(\omega) \cdot F_2(\omega) \cdot \dots \cdot F_n(\omega) \\ \mathbb{F}[f_1(t) \cdot f_2(t) \cdot \dots \cdot f_n(t)] = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{n-1}} F_1(\omega) * F_2(\omega) * \dots * F_n(\omega) \end{cases}
 \end{array} \right.$$

第二章 Laplace 变换

$$\begin{aligned}
 G_{\beta}(\omega) &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \varphi(t)u(t)e^{-\beta t}e^{-j\omega t}dt = \int_0^{+\infty} f(t)e^{-(\beta+j\omega)t}dt = \int_0^{+\infty} f(t)e^{-st}dt \\
 F(s) &= G_{\beta}\left(\frac{s-\beta}{j}\right) = \int_0^{+\infty} f(t)e^{-st}dt \quad (\text{Laplace变换}) \\
 F(s) &= \mathbb{L}[f(t)] \leftrightarrow f(t) = \mathbb{L}^{-1}[F(s)] \\
 \text{Laplace变换存在条件} &\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1. \text{在 } t \geq 0 \text{ 的任一有限区间上分段连续;} \\ 2. \text{当 } t \rightarrow +\infty \text{ 时, } f(t) \text{ 的增长速度不超过某一指数函数, 亦即存在常数 } M > 0 \text{ 及 } c \geq 0, \text{ 使得} \\ |f(t)| \leq Me^{ct}, 0 \leq t \leq +\infty \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow F(s) \\
 \text{周期函数Laplace变换公式: } F(s) &= \mathbb{L}[f(t)] = \frac{1}{1-e^{-sT}} \int_0^T f(t)e^{-st}dt \quad (\operatorname{Re}(s) > 0) \\
 \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathbb{L}_+[f(t)] = \int_{0^+}^{+\infty} f(t)e^{-st}dt \\ \mathbb{L}_-[f(t)] = \int_{0^-}^{+\infty} f(t)e^{-st}dt = \int_{0^-}^{0^+} f(t)e^{-st}dt + \mathbb{L}_+[f(t)] \end{array} \right\} &\Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1. f(t) \text{ 在 } t=0 \text{ 附近有界: } \int_{0^-}^{0^+} f(t)e^{-st}dt = 0, \quad \mathbb{L}_-[f(t)] = \mathbb{L}_+[f(t)] \\ 2. f(t) \text{ 在 } t=0 \text{ 处包含了脉冲函数: } \int_{0^-}^{0^+} f(t)e^{-st}dt \neq 0, \quad \mathbb{L}_-[f(t)] \neq \mathbb{L}_+[f(t)] \end{array} \right.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$1. \text{线性} \left\{ \begin{aligned} \mathbb{L}[\alpha f_1(t) + \beta f_2(t)] &= \alpha \mathbb{L}[f_1(t)] + \beta \mathbb{L}[f_2(t)] \\ \mathbb{L}^{-1}[\alpha F_1(s) + \beta F_2(s)] &= \alpha \mathbb{L}^{-1}[F_1(s)] + \beta \mathbb{L}^{-1}[F_2(s)] \end{aligned} \right\}$$

$$2. \text{微分} \mathbb{L}[f'(t)] = sF(s) - f(0)$$

$$\mathbb{L}[f^{(n)}(t)] = s^n F(s) - s^{n-1} f(0) - s^{n-2} f'(0) - \dots - f^{(n-1)}(0)$$

$$\text{推论} \quad = s^n F(s) - \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} s^{n-1-i} f^{(i)}(0) \quad (\operatorname{Re}(s) > c)$$

$$\text{特别的: } f(0) = f'(0) = \dots = f^{(n-1)}(0) = 0 \Rightarrow \mathbb{L}[f^{(n)}(t)] = s^n F(s)$$

象函数微分性质

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} F'(s) &= -\mathbb{L}[tf(t)] \\ F^{(n)}(s) &= (-1)^n \mathbb{L}[t^n f(t)] \end{aligned} \right\} \Leftrightarrow \mathbb{L}[t^n f(t)] = (-1)^n F^{(n)}(s)$$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} F^{(n)}(s) &= (-1)^n \mathbb{L}[t^n f(t)] \\ &= \mathbb{L}[(-t)^n f(t)] = \int_0^{+\infty} (-t)^n f(t) e^{-st} dt \\ &= \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{d^n}{ds^n} f(t) e^{-st} dt = \frac{d^n}{ds^n} \int_0^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-st} dt \\ &= F^{(n)}(s) \quad (\text{变换积分和微分顺序}) \end{aligned} \right.$$

3. 积分

$$\text{若 } \mathbb{L}[f(t)] = F(s), \text{ 则 } \mathbb{L}\left[\int_0^t f(t) dt\right] = \frac{1}{s} F(s)$$

$$\text{推广: } \mathbb{L}\left\{ \underbrace{\int_0^t dt \int_0^t dt \cdots \int_0^t f(t) dt}_{n\text{次}} \right\} = \frac{1}{s^n} F(s)$$

$$1. \left\{ \begin{aligned} &\text{设 } h(t) = \int_0^t f(t) dt, \text{ 则 } h'(t) = f(t), h(0) = 0 \\ &\mathbb{L}[h'(t)] = s\mathbb{L}[h(t)] - h(0) = s\mathbb{L}[h(t)] \\ &\text{即: } \mathbb{L}[h(t)] = \frac{1}{s} \mathbb{L}[h'(t)] \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\text{证明: } \left\{ \begin{aligned} &\text{令 } f_1 = 1, \text{ 则} \\ &f(t) * f_1(t) = \int_0^t f(\tau) \cdot 1 d\tau = \int_0^t f(t) dt \\ &2. \mathbb{L}\left[\int_0^t f(t) dt\right] = \mathbb{L}[f(t) * f_1(t)] = \mathbb{L}[f(t)] \cdot \mathbb{L}[f_1(t)] \\ &= \frac{1}{s} \mathbb{L}[f(t)] \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} &\text{若 } \mathbb{L}[f(t)] = F(s), \text{ 则 } \mathbb{L}\left[\frac{f(t)}{t}\right] = \int_s^\infty F(s) ds \text{ 或 } f'(t) \\ &\text{推广: } \mathbb{L}\left[\frac{f(t)}{t^n}\right] = \underbrace{\int_s^\infty ds \int_s^\infty ds \cdots \int_s^\infty F(s) ds}_{n\text{次}} \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$4. \text{位移} \left\{ \text{若 } \mathbb{L}[f(t)] = F(s), \text{ 则 } \mathbb{L}[e^{at} f(t)] = F(s-a) \quad (\operatorname{Re}(s-a) > c) \right.$$

$$5. \text{延迟} \left\{ \begin{aligned} &\text{若 } \mathbb{L}[f(t)] = F(s), \text{ 又 } t < 0 \text{ 时 } f(t) = 0, \text{ 则对任一非负实数 } \tau, \text{ 有} \\ &\text{则 或 } \left\{ \begin{aligned} \mathbb{L}[f(t-\tau)] &= e^{-s\tau} F(s) \\ \mathbb{L}^{-1}[e^{-s\tau} F(s)] &= f(t-\tau) u(t-\tau) \end{aligned} \right\} \Leftrightarrow \mathbb{L}[f(t-\tau) u(t-\tau)] = e^{-s\tau} F(s) \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$6. \text{相似} \left\{ \mathbb{L}[f(at)] = \frac{1}{a} F\left(\frac{s}{a}\right) \right.$$

$$\text{Laplace逆变换} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1. f(t)u(t)e^{-\beta t} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau)u(\tau)e^{-\beta\tau} e^{-j\omega\tau} d\tau \right] e^{j\omega t} d\omega = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{j\omega t} d\omega \left[\int_0^{+\infty} f(\tau)e^{-(\beta+j\omega)\tau} d\tau \right] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\beta+j\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega \\ 2. f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\beta+j\omega) e^{(\beta+j\omega)t} d\omega = \frac{1}{2\pi j} \int_{\beta-j\infty}^{\beta+j\infty} F(s)e^{st} ds, t > 0 \left(\Leftrightarrow F(s) = \int_0^{+\infty} f(t)e^{-st} dt \right) \\ 3. \text{定理 若 } s_1, s_2, \dots, s_n \text{ 是函数 } F(s) \text{ 的所有奇点 (适当选取 } \beta \text{ 使这些奇点全在 } \operatorname{Re}(s) < \beta \text{ 的范围内), 且 } \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} F(s) = 0 \\ \text{则有 } f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi j} \int_{\beta-j\infty}^{\beta+j\infty} F(s)e^{st} ds = \sum_{k=1}^n \operatorname{Res}_{s=s_k} [F(s)e^{st}], t > 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\text{卷积} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{定义: } f_1(t) * f_2(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_1(\tau)f_2(t-\tau) d\tau = \int_{-\infty}^0 f_1(\tau)f_2(t-\tau) d\tau + \int_0^t f_1(\tau)f_2(t-\tau) d\tau + \int_t^{+\infty} f_1(\tau)f_2(t-\tau) d\tau \\ \quad = \int_0^t f_1(\tau)f_2(t-\tau) d\tau \\ \text{卷积定理: } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{假定 } f_1(t), f_2(t) \text{ 都满足 Laplace 变换存在定理中的条件, 且 } F_1(\omega) = \mathbb{L}[f_1(t)], F_2(\omega) = \mathbb{L}[f_2(t)] \text{ 则} \\ \mathbb{L}[f_1(t) * f_2(t)] = F_1(s) \bullet F_2(s) = \mathbb{L}[f_1(t)] \bullet \mathbb{L}[f_2(t)] \\ \text{或 } \mathbb{L}^{-1}[F_1(s) \bullet F_2(s)] = \mathbb{L}^{-1}[F_1(s)] \bullet \mathbb{L}^{-1}[F_2(s)] = f_1(t) * f_2(t) \end{array} \right. \\ \text{推广: } \mathbb{F}[f_1(t) * f_2(t) * \dots * f_n(t)] = F_1(\omega) \bullet F_2(\omega) \bullet \dots \bullet F_n(\omega) = \mathbb{L}[f_1(t)] \bullet \mathbb{L}[f_2(t)] \bullet \dots \bullet \mathbb{L}[f_n(t)] \end{array} \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1. \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 0 \\ e^{-\beta t}, & t \geq 0 (\beta > 0) \end{cases} \\ \text{指数衰减函数} \end{array} \right\} \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = \frac{1}{\beta + j\omega} \\
& 2. \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{f(t) = \delta(t)}{\text{单位脉冲函数}} \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = 1 \\ f(t) = \delta(t - c) \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = e^{-j\omega c} \\ f(t) = \delta'(t) \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = j\omega \\ f(t) = \delta^{(n)}(t) \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = (j\omega)^n \\ f(t) = \delta^{(n)}(t - c) \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = (j\omega)^n e^{-j\omega c} \end{array} \right. \\
& 3. \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(t) = 1 \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = 2\pi\delta(\omega) \\ f(t) = t \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = 2\pi j\delta'(\omega) \\ f(t) = t^n \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = 2\pi j^n \delta^{(n)}(\omega) \\ f(t) = e^{j\alpha t} \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = 2\pi\delta(\omega - \alpha) \\ f(t) = t^n e^{j\alpha t} \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = 2\pi j^n \delta^{(n)}(\omega - \alpha) \end{array} \right. \\
& \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{f(t) = u(t)}{\text{单位函数}} \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = \frac{1}{j\omega} + \pi\delta(\omega) \\ f(t) = u(t - c) \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = \frac{1}{j\omega} e^{-j\omega c} + \pi\delta(\omega) \\ f(t) = u(t) \bullet t^n \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = \frac{n!}{(j\omega)^{n+1}} + \pi j^n \delta^{(n)}(\omega) \end{array} \right. \\
& 4. \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(t) = u(t) \sin \alpha t \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha^2 - \omega^2} + \frac{1}{2} j\pi [\delta(\omega + \omega_0) - \delta(\omega - \omega_0)] \\ f(t) = u(t) \cos \alpha t \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = \frac{j\omega}{\alpha^2 - \omega^2} + \frac{1}{2} \pi [\delta(\omega + \omega_0) + \delta(\omega - \omega_0)] \\ f(t) = u(t) e^{j\alpha t} \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = \frac{1}{j(\omega - \alpha)} + \pi\delta(\omega - \alpha) \\ f(t) = u(t - c) e^{j\alpha t} \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = \frac{1}{j(\omega - \alpha)} e^{-j(\omega - \alpha)c} + \pi\delta(\omega - \alpha) \\ f(t) = u(t) e^{j\alpha t} \bullet t^n \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = \frac{1}{[j(\omega - \alpha)]^{n+1}} + \pi j^n \delta^{(n)}(\omega - \alpha) \end{array} \right. \\
& 5. \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(t) = \sin \omega_0 t \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = j\pi [\delta(\omega + \omega_0) - \delta(\omega - \omega_0)] \\ f(t) = \cos \omega_0 t \Leftrightarrow F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(t)] = \pi [\delta(\omega + \omega_0) + \delta(\omega - \omega_0)] \end{array} \right.
\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Laplace} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1. f(t) = 1(\textcolor{blue}{u}(t)) \Leftrightarrow F(s) = \frac{\textcolor{red}{1}}{\textcolor{red}{s}} \begin{cases} \mathbb{L}[u(t)] = \mathbb{L}[u(at)] & a > 0 \\ \mathbb{L}[u(\varphi(t))] = \mathbb{L}[1] & \varphi(t) > 0 \end{cases} \\ 2. f(t) = \textcolor{blue}{e}^{at} \Leftrightarrow F(s) = \frac{1}{\textcolor{red}{s} - \textcolor{red}{a}} \\ 3. \begin{cases} f(t) = \textcolor{blue}{\sin} at \Leftrightarrow F(s) = \frac{\textcolor{green}{a}}{\textcolor{red}{s}^2 + \textcolor{red}{a}^2} & f(t) = \textcolor{red}{t} \sin at \Leftrightarrow F(s) = \frac{\textcolor{green}{2as}}{(s^2 + a^2)^2} \\ f(t) = \textcolor{blue}{\cos} at \Leftrightarrow F(s) = \frac{\textcolor{red}{s}}{\textcolor{red}{s}^2 + \textcolor{red}{a}^2} & f(t) = \textcolor{red}{t} \cos at \Leftrightarrow F(s) = \frac{\textcolor{red}{s}^2 - \textcolor{red}{a}^2}{(s^2 + a^2)^2} \end{cases} \\ 4. \begin{cases} f(t) = \textcolor{blue}{t}^m (m > -1) \Leftrightarrow F(s) = \frac{\textcolor{red}{m!}}{\textcolor{red}{s}^{m+1}} \\ f(t) = \textcolor{blue}{e}^{at} \textcolor{blue}{t}^m (m > -1) \Leftrightarrow F(s) = \frac{\textcolor{red}{m!}}{(\textcolor{red}{s} - \textcolor{red}{a})^{m+1}} \end{cases} \end{array} \right.$$

1. 设 $\mathbb{F}[f(t)] = F(\omega)$ ，试证明（**Fourier** 原函数奇偶虚实性质）

（1） $f(t)$ 为实值函数的充要条件是 $F(-\omega) = \overline{F(\omega)}$

（2） $f(t)$ 为纯虚值函数的充要条件是 $F(-\omega) = -\overline{F(\omega)}$

证明：设

$$f(t) = f_r(t) + jf_i(t)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\Rightarrow F(\omega) &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t)e^{-j\omega t} dt \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} [f_r(t) + jf_i(t)][\cos \omega t - j\sin \omega t] dt \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} [f_r(t)\cos \omega t + f_i(t)\sin \omega t] dt - j \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} [f_r(t)\sin \omega t - f_i(t)\cos \omega t] dt \\ &= \text{Re}[F(\omega)] + j\text{Im}[F(\omega)]\end{aligned}$$

$$\text{其中: } \text{Re}[F(\omega)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} [f_r(t)\cos \omega t + f_i(t)\sin \omega t] dt$$

$$\text{Im}[F(\omega)] = - \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} [f_r(t)\sin \omega t - f_i(t)\cos \omega t] dt$$

$$(1) \text{ 当 } f(t) = f_r(t), f_i(t) = 0 \text{ 时, } \begin{cases} \text{Re}[F(\omega)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} [f_r(t)\cos \omega t] dt \\ \text{Im}[F(\omega)] = - \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} [f_r(t)\sin \omega t] dt \end{cases}$$

$$F(-\omega) = \text{Re}[F(-\omega)] + j\text{Im}[F(-\omega)] = \text{Re}[F(\omega)] - j\text{Im}[F(\omega)] = \overline{F(\omega)}$$

$$\text{反之, 若已知 } F(-\omega) = \overline{F(\omega)}, \text{ 则有 } \text{Re}[F(-\omega)] + j\text{Im}[F(-\omega)] = \text{Re}[F(\omega)] - j\text{Im}[F(\omega)]$$

表明: $F(\omega)$ 实部是关于 ω 的偶函数, 虚部是关于 ω 的奇函数。

$$\text{因此, 必定有 } F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} [f_r(t)\cos \omega t] dt - j \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} [f_r(t)\sin \omega t] dt$$

即: $f(t) = f_r(t), f_i(t) = 0$ 为 t 的实值函数, 得证。

$$(2) \text{ 当 } f(t) = jf_i(t), f_r(t) = 0 \text{ 时, } \begin{cases} \text{Re}[F(\omega)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} [f_i(t)\sin \omega t] dt \\ \text{Im}[F(\omega)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} [f_i(t)\cos \omega t] dt \end{cases}$$

$$F(-\omega) = \text{Re}[F(-\omega)] + j\text{Im}[F(-\omega)] = -\text{Re}[F(\omega)] + j\text{Im}[F(\omega)] = -\overline{F(\omega)}$$

$$\text{反之, 若已知 } F(-\omega) = -\overline{F(\omega)}, \text{ 则有 } \text{Re}[F(-\omega)] + j\text{Im}[F(-\omega)] = -\text{Re}[F(\omega)] + j\text{Im}[F(\omega)]$$

表明: $F(\omega)$ 实部是关于 ω 的奇函数, 虚部是关于 ω 的偶函数。

$$\text{因此, 必定有 } F(\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} [f_i(t)\sin \omega t] dt + j \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} [f_i(t)\cos \omega t] dt$$

即: $f(t) = jf_i(t), f_r(t) = 0$ 为 t 的纯虚值函数, 得证。

$$2. F(\omega) = \frac{\sin \omega}{\omega}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(t) &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega}{\omega} e^{j\omega t} d\omega \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega}{\omega} (\cos \omega t + j \sin \omega t) d\omega \\ &= \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega \cos \omega t}{\omega} d\omega \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\sin(1+t)\omega}{\omega} d\omega + \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{\sin(1-t)\omega}{\omega} d\omega \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{又 } \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega t}{\omega} d\omega = u(t) - \frac{1}{2}, (t \neq 0)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{所以 } f(t) &= \frac{1}{2} \left[u(1+t) - \frac{1}{2} + u(1-t) - \frac{1}{2} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [u(1+t) + u(1-t) - 1], (|t| \neq 1) \end{aligned}$$

当 $t = \pm 1$ 时, $f(t)$ 应以 $\frac{1}{2} [f(t+0) + f(t-0)] = \frac{1}{4}$ 代替,

$$\text{即 } f(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} [u(1+t) + u(1-t) - 1], & (|t| \neq 1) \\ \frac{1}{4}, & (|t| = 1) \\ 0, & (|t| > 1) \end{cases} \quad \text{或 } f(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}, & (|t| < 1) \\ \frac{1}{4}, & (|t| = 1) \\ 0, & (|t| > 1) \end{cases}$$

$$\text{Dirichlet 积分 } \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\sin \omega}{\omega} d\omega = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$3. \text{证明: 若 } \mathbb{F}[e^{j\varphi(t)}] = F(\omega), \text{ 其中 } \varphi(t) \text{ 为一实函数, 则 } \begin{cases} \mathbb{F}[\cos \varphi(t)] = \frac{1}{2} [F(\omega) + \overline{F(-\omega)}] \\ \mathbb{F}[\sin \varphi(t)] = \frac{1}{2j} [F(\omega) - \overline{F(-\omega)}] \end{cases}$$

$$\text{证明: } \begin{cases} (1) F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[e^{j\varphi(t)}] = \mathbb{F}[\cos \varphi(t)] + j\mathbb{F}[\sin \varphi(t)] \\ (2) F(-\omega) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{j\varphi(t)} \bullet e^{-j(-\omega)t} dt = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{j\varphi(t)} \bullet e^{j\omega t} dt \\ (3) \overline{F(-\omega)} = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-j\varphi(t)} \bullet e^{-j\omega t} dt = \mathbb{F}[e^{-j\varphi(t)}] = \mathbb{F}[\cos \varphi(t)] - j\mathbb{F}[\sin \varphi(t)] \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} (1) + (3): \mathbb{F}[\cos \varphi(t)] = \frac{1}{2} [F(\omega) + \overline{F(-\omega)}] \\ (1) - (3): \mathbb{F}[\sin \varphi(t)] = \frac{1}{2j} [F(\omega) - \overline{F(-\omega)}] \end{cases}$$

4. 若 $\mathbb{F}[f(t)] = F(\omega)$, 证明 (原函数对称性质)

$$f(\pm\omega) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\mp t) e^{-j\omega t} dt, \text{ 即 } \mathbb{F}[F(\mp t)] = 2\pi f(\pm\omega)$$

$$\mathbb{F}[f(t)] = F(\omega) \Rightarrow \begin{cases} f(t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\omega) e^{j\omega t} d\omega & (a) \\ f(-t) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(\omega) e^{-j\omega t} d\omega & (b) \end{cases}$$

$$(a): t \text{ 与 } \omega \text{ 互换} \Rightarrow f(\omega) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(t) e^{j\omega t} dt$$

$$\text{证明: } (\text{令 } t = -u) \quad = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(-u) e^{-j\omega u} du$$

$$(\text{令 } u = t) \quad = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} F(-t) e^{-j\omega t} dt$$

$$\text{即: } \mathbb{F}[F(-t)] = 2\pi f(\omega) \left\{ \Rightarrow \mathbb{F}[F(\mp t)] = 2\pi f(\pm \omega) \right.$$

$$(b): \mathbb{F}[F(t)] = 2\pi f(-\omega)$$

4. 若 $\mathbb{F}[f(t)] = F(\omega)$ a 为非零常数, 证明 (原函数相似性质) $\mathbb{F}[f(at)] = \frac{1}{|a|} F(\frac{\omega}{a})$

用定义证明

$$\text{证明: } \begin{cases} 1. \text{当 } a > 0 \text{ 时,} \\ \mathbb{F}[f(at)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(at) e^{-j\omega t} dt \\ (\text{令 } at = u) = \frac{1}{a} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(u) e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a} u} du \\ (u \text{ 换成 } t) = \frac{1}{a} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a} t} dt \\ = \frac{1}{a} F(\frac{\omega}{a}) \end{cases} \begin{cases} 2. \text{当 } a < 0 \text{ 时,} \\ \mathbb{F}[f(at)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(at) e^{-j\omega t} dt \\ (\text{令 } at = u) = \frac{1}{a} \int_{+\infty}^{-\infty} f(u) e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a} u} du \Rightarrow \mathbb{F}[f(at)] = \frac{1}{|a|} F(\frac{\omega}{a}) \\ (u \text{ 换成 } t) = -\frac{1}{a} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a} t} dt \\ = -\frac{1}{a} F(\frac{\omega}{a}) \end{cases}$$

5. 若 $\mathbb{F}[f(t)] = F(\omega)$, 证明 (象函数位移性质) $\mathbb{F}^{-1}[F(\omega \mp \omega_0)] = e^{\pm j\omega_0 t} f(t)$
即 $F(\omega \mp \omega_0) = \mathbb{F}^{-1}[e^{\pm j\omega_0 t} f(t)]$

$$\text{证明: } \text{定义证} \begin{cases} \mathbb{F}[e^{\pm j\omega_0 t} f(t)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{\pm j\omega_0 t} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt \\ = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j(\omega \mp \omega_0) t} dt = F(\omega \mp \omega_0) \end{cases}$$

6. 若 $\mathbb{F}[f(t)] = F(\omega)$, 证明 (象函数微分性质) $(F'(\omega)) \frac{d}{d\omega} F(\omega) = \mathbb{F}[-jtf(t)]$

证明：

$$\text{定义证} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & (F'(\omega)) \frac{d}{d\omega} F(\omega) \\ &= \frac{d}{d\omega} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{d}{d\omega} (f(t) e^{-j\omega t}) dt \\ &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} -j t f(t) e^{-j\omega t} dt \\ &= \mathbb{F}[-j t f(t)] \end{aligned} \right.$$

7. 若 $\mathbb{F}[f(t)] = F(\omega)$ ，证明（**翻转性质**） $F(-\omega) = \mathbb{F}[f(-t)]$

证明：

$$\text{定义证} \left\{ \begin{aligned} & \mathbb{F}[f(-t)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(-t) e^{-j\omega t} dt \\ & (-t = u) = - \int_{+\infty}^{-\infty} f(u) e^{-j\omega(-u)} du \\ & (\text{上下限}) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(u) e^{-j(-\omega)u} du \\ & (\text{令 } u = t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j(-\omega)t} dt = F(-\omega) \end{aligned} \right.$$

8. 若 $\mathbb{F}[f(t)] = F(\omega)$ ，证明（**三角性质**）

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \mathbb{F}[f(t) \cos \omega_0 t] &= \frac{1}{2} [F(\omega + \omega_0) + F(\omega - \omega_0)] \\ \mathbb{F}[f(t) \sin \omega_0 t] &= \frac{1}{2} j [F(\omega + \omega_0) - F(\omega - \omega_0)] \end{aligned} \right.$$

证 明 :

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{线性性质} \\ \text{及} \\ \text{象函数位移性质} \end{array} \right. \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathbb{F}[f(t) \cos \omega_0 t] \\ = \mathbb{F}\left[f(t) \frac{e^{j\omega_0 t} + e^{-j\omega_0 t}}{2}\right] \\ = \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{F}[f(t) e^{j\omega_0 t}] + \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{F}[f(t) e^{-j\omega_0 t}] \\ = \frac{1}{2} [F(\omega - \omega_0) + F(\omega + \omega_0)] \end{array} \right. \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathbb{F}[f(t) \sin \omega_0 t] \\ = \mathbb{F}\left[f(t) \frac{e^{j\omega_0 t} - e^{-j\omega_0 t}}{2j}\right] \\ = \frac{1}{2j} \mathbb{F}[f(t) e^{j\omega_0 t}] - \frac{1}{2j} \mathbb{F}[f(t) e^{-j\omega_0 t}] \\ = \frac{1}{2j} [F(\omega - \omega_0) - F(\omega + \omega_0)] \end{array} \right.$$

9. 若 $\mathbb{F}[f(t)] = F(\omega)$ a 为非零常数，证明（原函数扩展相似性质）

$$\mathbb{F}[f(at - t_0)] = \frac{1}{|a|} F\left(\frac{\omega}{a}\right) e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a}t_0}$$

证明：定义证

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1. \text{当 } a > 0 \text{ 时,} \\ \mathbb{F}[f(at - t_0)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(at - t_0) e^{-j\omega t} dt \\ (\text{令 } at - t_0 = u) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(u) e^{-j\omega \frac{u+t_0}{a}} d\frac{u+t_0}{a} \\ = \frac{1}{a} e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a}t_0} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(u) e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a}u} du \\ (u \text{ 换成 } t) = \frac{1}{a} e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a}t_0} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a}t} dt \\ = \frac{1}{a} F\left(\frac{\omega}{a}\right) e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a}t_0} \end{array} \right. \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2. \text{当 } a < 0 \text{ 时,} \\ \mathbb{F}[f(at - t_0)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(at - t_0) e^{-j\omega t} dt \\ (\text{令 } at - t_0 = u) = \int_{+\infty}^{-\infty} f(u) e^{-j\omega \frac{u+t_0}{a}} d\frac{u+t_0}{a} \\ = \frac{1}{a} e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a}t_0} \int_{+\infty}^{-\infty} f(u) e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a}u} du \Rightarrow \mathbb{F}[f(at)] = \frac{1}{|a|} F\left(\frac{\omega}{a}\right) \\ (u \text{ 换成 } t) = -\frac{1}{a} e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a}t_0} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a}t} dt \\ = -\frac{1}{a} F\left(\frac{\omega}{a}\right) e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a}t_0} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{位移性质} \\ + \\ \text{相似性质} \end{array} \right. \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{令 } g(t) = f(at) \\ \mathbb{F}[f(at - t_0)] = \mathbb{F}\left[f\left(a\left(t - \frac{t_0}{a}\right)\right)\right] = \mathbb{F}\left[g\left(t - \frac{t_0}{a}\right)\right] = \mathbb{F}[g(t)] e^{-j\omega \frac{t_0}{a}} = \mathbb{F}[f(at)] e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a}t_0} = \frac{1}{|a|} F\left(\frac{\omega}{a}\right) e^{-j\frac{\omega}{a}t_0} \end{array} \right.$$

定义: $f_1(t) * f_2(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_1(\tau) f_2(t-\tau) d\tau$

不等性: $|f_1(t) * f_2(t)| \leq |f_1(t)| * |f_2(t)|$

交换律: $f_1(t) * f_2(t) = f_2(t) * f_1(t) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f_1(t) * f_2(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_1(\tau) f_2(t-\tau) d\tau \\ (\text{令 } t-\tau = u) = -\int_{+\infty}^{-\infty} f_1(t-u) f_2(u) du \\ (\text{令 } u = \tau) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_2(\tau) f_1(t-\tau) d\tau = f_2(t) * f_1(t) \end{array} \right.$

结合律: $f_1(t) * [f_2(t) * f_3(t)] = [f_1(t) * f_2(t)] * f_3(t) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f_1(t) * [f_2(t) * f_3(t)] = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_1(\tau) [f_2(t-\tau) * f_3(t-\tau)] d\tau \\ = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_1(\tau) \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_3(u) \bullet f_2(t-\tau-u) du \right] d\tau \\ = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_1(\tau) \bullet f_3(u) \bullet f_2(t-\tau-u) dud\tau \\ = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_1(\tau) \bullet f_2(t-\tau-u) d\tau \right] f_3(u) du \\ = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_1(t-u) * f_2(t-u) d\tau \right] f_3(u) du = [f_1(t) * f_2(t)] * f_3(t) \end{array} \right.$

分配律: $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f_1(t) * [f_2(t) + f_3(t)] = f_1(t) * f_2(t) + f_1(t) * f_3(t) \\ [f_1(t) + f_2(t)] * [g_1(t) + g_2(t)] = f_1(t) * g_1(t) + f_1(t) * g_2(t) + f_2(t) * g_1(t) + f_2(t) * g_2(t) \end{array} \right.$

数乘律: $a[f_1(t) * f_2(t)] = [af_1(t)] * f_2(t) = f_1(t) * [af_2(t)]$

$\frac{d}{dt}[f_1(t) * f_2(t)] = \frac{d}{dt} f_1(t) * f_2(t) = f_1(t) * \frac{d}{dt} f_2(t) = f_2(t) * \frac{d}{dt} f_1(t)$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{d}{dt}[f_1(t) * f_2(t)] = \frac{d}{dt} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_1(\tau) f_2(t-\tau) d\tau = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_1(\tau) \frac{d}{dt} f_2(t-\tau) d\tau = f_1(t) * \frac{d}{dt} f_2(t) \\ \frac{d}{dt}[f_1(t) * f_2(t)] = \frac{d}{dt} [f_2(t) * f_1(t)] = \frac{d}{dt} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f_2(\tau) f_1(t-\tau) d\tau = f_2(t) * \frac{d}{dt} f_1(t) = \frac{d}{dt} f_1(t) * f_2(t) \end{array} \right.$

卷积

$f(t) * \delta(t) = f(t) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(t) * \delta(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) \delta(t-\tau) d\tau \\ \delta(t) \text{ 为偶} = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) \delta(\tau-t) d\tau \\ \text{筛选性质} = f(\tau) \Big|_{\tau=t} = f(t) \text{ 变参} \end{array} \right.$

$f(t) * \delta(t-t_0) = f(t-t_0) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(t) * \delta(t-t_0) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) \delta(t-t_0-\tau) d\tau \\ \delta(t) \text{ 为偶} = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) \delta(\tau-(t-t_0)) d\tau \\ \text{筛选性质} = f(\tau) \Big|_{\tau=t-t_0} = f(t-t_0) \text{ 变参} \end{array} \right.$

$f(t) * \delta'(t) = f'(t) \left\{ f(t) * \frac{d}{dt} \delta(t) = \frac{d}{dt} [f(t) * \delta(t)] = \frac{d}{dt} f(t) \right.$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(t) * u(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} f(\tau) u(t-\tau) d\tau \end{array} \right.$

$$\text{Laplace} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\text{微分性质}}{\text{象函数}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} F^{(n)}(s) = \mathbb{L}^{(n)}[f(t)] = (-1)^{(n)} \mathbb{L}[t^n f(t)] \\ \mathbb{L}[tf(t)] = -\mathbb{L}'[f(t)] = -F'(s) \\ f(t) = -\frac{1}{t} \mathbb{L}^{-1}[\mathbb{L}'[f(t)]] = -\frac{1}{t} \mathbb{L}^{-1}[F'(s)] \end{array} \right. \left\{ \begin{array}{l} F^{(n)}(s) = (-1)^n \mathbb{L}[t^n f(t)] \\ = \mathbb{L}[(-t)^n f(t)] = \int_0^{+\infty} (-t)^n f(t) e^{-st} dt \\ = \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{d^n}{ds^n} f(t) e^{-st} dt = \frac{d^n}{ds^n} \int_0^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-st} dt \\ = F^{(n)}(s) \quad (\text{变换积分和微分顺序}) \end{array} \right. \\ \\ \frac{\text{积分性质}}{\text{象函数}} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathbb{L}\left[\frac{f(t)}{t}\right] = \int_s^{+\infty} F(s) ds \\ f(t) = t \mathbb{L}^{-1}\left[\int_s^{+\infty} F(s) ds\right] \end{array} \right. \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \int_s^{+\infty} F(s) ds = \int_s^{+\infty} \left[\int_0^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-st} dt \right] ds \\ \text{交换积分顺序} = \int_0^{+\infty} \left[\int_s^{+\infty} f(t) e^{-st} ds \right] dt \\ = \int_0^{+\infty} f(t) \left[-\frac{1}{t} e^{-st} \Big|_s^{+\infty} \right] dt = \int_0^{+\infty} \left[\frac{f(t)}{t} e^{-st} \right] dt = \mathbb{L}\left[\frac{f(t)}{t}\right] \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (1) f(t) = te^{-3t} \sin 2t \rightarrow F(s) = ? \\ (2) f(t) = t \int_0^t e^{-3t} \sin 2t dt \rightarrow F(s) = ? \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathbb{L}[f(t)] = -\mathbb{L}'\left[\int_0^t e^{-3t} \sin 2t dt\right] \\ = -\left(\frac{1}{s} \mathbb{L}[e^{-3t} \sin 2t]\right)' \end{array} \right. \\ (3) F(s) = \ln \frac{s+1}{s-1} \rightarrow f(t) = ? \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(t) = -\frac{1}{t} \mathbb{L}^{-1}[F'(s)] \\ = -\frac{1}{t} \mathbb{L}^{-1}\left[\left(\ln \frac{s+1}{s-1}\right)'\right] = -\frac{1}{t} \mathbb{L}^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{s+1} - \frac{1}{s-1}\right] \\ = -\frac{1}{t} (e^{-t} - e^t) = \frac{2}{t} \frac{e^t - e^{-t}}{2} = \frac{2}{t} \sinh t \end{array} \right. \\ (4) f(t) = \int_0^t te^{-3t} \sin 2t dt \rightarrow F(s) = ? \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathbb{L}[f(t)] = \frac{1}{s} \mathbb{L}[te^{-3t} \sin 2t] \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l}
(1) f(t) = \frac{\sin kt}{t} \rightarrow F(s) = ? \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathbb{L} \left[\frac{\sin kt}{t} \right] = \int_s^\infty \mathbb{L} [\sin kt] ds = \int_s^\infty \frac{k}{s^2 + k^2} ds \\ = \arctan \frac{s}{k} \Big|_s^\infty = \frac{\pi}{2} - \arctan \frac{s}{k} = \operatorname{arc cot} \frac{s}{k} \end{array} \right. \\
(2) f(t) = \frac{e^{-3t} \sin 2t}{t} \rightarrow F(s) = ? \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \mathbb{L} \left[\frac{e^{-3t} \sin 2t}{t} \right] = \int_s^\infty \mathbb{L} [e^{-3t} \sin 2t] ds = \int_s^\infty \frac{2}{(s+3)^2 + 4} ds \\ = \arctan \frac{s+3}{2} \Big|_s^\infty = \frac{\pi}{2} - \arctan \frac{s+3}{2} = \operatorname{arc cot} \frac{s+3}{2} \end{array} \right. \\
(3) F(s) = \frac{s}{(s^2 - 1)^2} \rightarrow f(t) = ? \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[\int_s^{+\infty} F(s) ds \right] \\ = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[\int_s^{+\infty} \frac{s}{(s^2 - 1)^2} ds \right] = \mathcal{L}^{-1} \left[\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{s^2 - 1} \right] = \frac{t}{4} (e^t - e^{-t}) = \frac{t}{4} \sinh t \end{array} \right. \\
(4) f(t) = \int_0^t \frac{e^{-3t} \sin 2t}{t} dt \rightarrow F(s) = ? \left\{ \mathbb{L} \left[\int_0^t \frac{e^{-3t} \sin 2t}{t} dt \right] = \frac{1}{s} \mathbb{L} \left[\frac{e^{-3t} \sin 2t}{t} \right] = \frac{1}{s} \operatorname{arc cot} \frac{s+3}{2} \right. \\
\end{array} \right.$$